#### APPOINTMENTS ARE HELD UP

Texas, Louislann, Mississippi, and Kentucky Officeseekers Greatly Disappointed-Causes and Cond tions of the Contention and Strife Among the Malcontents.

It was another busy day at the White House yesterday. Republicans from nearly all the States were in evidence, and as a rule called with Senators and Representa tives. In striking contrast with the contented looks of the officeseekers from other States were those of Texaus, Louis-ianians, Mississippians, and Kentuckians, the patronage of which States is for the

This is occasioned in Kentucky by the prolonged Schatorial deadlock, and in the other three States by batter factional differences The Administration's pur-pose is to do nothing in these cases until one differences are healed and political

harmony established. The fight in Louisiana is particularly bitter, the Republican party there being divided into three opposing factions. One wing is represente thy P. P. Herwig, another by Capt. Wimberly, while Cel. Howell, who is the leader of the sugar planters, or in his power to control the patronage of the

President McKinley has decided, how ever that the patronage of Louisiana's tot e given to representative men, irrespective of the particular factions to which they have inther to belonged, with the end in view of creating a solid and harmonious Republican party in that State In the meanwhile no nominations are being made, although there are a number of important places to be filled, preminent among them being the collector of customs and surveyor of the port of New Orleans

There are a number of applicants for the former position, including Capt. Wimberly, Miner, ex-Congressman H. Dudley Coleman and Gen. Behan. understood, however, that if factional differences are bealed, P. F. Herwig will be tendered the place. He is in no sense a candidate for the position, however, but it is said would accept it if it were tendered him Another desirable office it Louisiana is that of coiner of the mint W. H. Kenting and Dr. Cournet, both leading Republicans of the State, are applicants for the position. Judge Thomas Brooks, of New Orleans, wants to be appointed surveyor of the port, and in all probability will eventually land the place.

The same condition of affairs that exists in Louisiana is also to be found in Texas, ere E. H. R. Green and Dr. John Grant are contending for leadership. Green is chairman of the State committee, while his opponent is national committeeman. Both claim to be original McKinley men, and both are equally anxious to control the spoils Just what the outcome of the fight will be is entirely a matter of conjecture. In the mean while all commutations in the Lone Star State are being held in abeyance. It might be interesting in this connection to know that Green is the son of Hetty Green, of New York, who is reputed to be the wealthtest woman in America. Green went to Texas several years ago, and has no quired large interests in the State.

President McKinley is beginning to tire of the persistency of those who want of fice, and it is not improbable that the rules will again have to be changed. President finds it impossible to transact the work that the daties of the office reire, and early yester-lay morning in structed Secretary Porter to allow so very important nature. This was found impracticable, however, on account of the mber of people who demanded to sec Mr. McKinley As many of the im-portunate ones were Senators and Representatives, the President's secretary did them, and finally had to abandon the imperative orders that his chief had laid down for him early in the day. One of the more notable callers at the White House yesterday was Col. Buck, the Republican leader of Georgia, who has lately been appointed minister to Tokio.

Col. Buck's mission to the White House was for the purpose of having a military of ficer attached to his legation. He sup gested to the President Major John L Clem as the proper man to fill the place out the civil war, and was known as the Drummer Boy of Shilloh. On account of his bravery he was promoted to the rank o lieutenant. At the present time he is at-tached to the U. S. Army post stationed at Fort McPherson, Atlanta, Ga., holding

the position of quartermaster general. Col. Buck plse took occasion to recon mend the following Georgians for office: Watter Johnson as United States marshal and R. P. Farrow for an auditorship in the Treasury Department. Col. Buck told a Times reporter that he expected to leave for Tokic about May 15. As yet he has not decided upon his secretaries. Another distinguished caller at the White House was Senator Wellington of Maryland, who saw the President in reference to the appointment of George T. Eustis, who wants to be appointed to a consulate in Denmark Mr. Eustis is a penhew of the present minister to France, but unlike his distinguished relative is a Republican

The Maryland Senator also urged Mr. McKinley to appoint W S Hegge com-Wade Hampton. Mr. Hegge is at present District passenger agent of the Bail-timore and Onio Railroad. Mr. Welling ton also suggested the appointment of

#### HOW TO FIND OUT.

and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys. When urin stains linen it is a positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to prinate or pain in the back, is also cor viscing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

#### WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge s often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing It, or bad effects following use of liquor pleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urmate. The mild and the extraordinare offect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cure of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail. Mention Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the

Adj. Willard's Hotel

TREATS ALL FORMS

He Accepts No Fee Un'ess

OF CHRONIC DISEASES.

He Is Absolutely Sure

#### HE CAN CURE.

Those who are being imposed upon by high-fee dectors should bear in mind that br. Walker charges the exceptionally low tree of

#### \$5.00 A MONTH

Including All Medicines.

SUFFERERS FROM BRAIN OR NER SUFFERERS FROM BRAIN OR NERYOUS DISEASES, bLOOD POISON, OR
ANY AFFECTION OF THE URINARY
ORGANS, LOST VIGOR, NIGHT EMISSIONS, UNNATURAL BRAINS, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, CATARRH,
ASTHMA, PRONCHITIS, CONSTIPATION, OR ANY DISEASE OF THE NOSE,
THEOAT OR LUNGS SHOULD CON-THROAT, OR LUNGS, SHOULD CON-SULT DR. WALKER AT ONCE. Daily office hours, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Satur

day, till 8 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 12 m.

## CONSCILTATION FRIE. 84 Louis Groedei, of Baltimore, as consul to

Senator Mason introduced Dr. Ziegfield, wants to be appointed consul-general to

Judge Day, of Canton, who will go as a ssioner to Cuba to examine into the Ruiz case, notified the Presiday, arriving in Washington this morn ing. Judge Day will spend about ten days in Washington looking over the papers in the Ruiz case before he goes to Havana. It is not expected that the President will appoint Gen. Lee's successor until after Judge Day has made a report of the exact condition of affairs on the

The prevailing impression at the White House is that Col. John S. Mosby, the famous Confederate chieftain, will have the position tendered him.

Representative Low, of New York, saw the l'resident in reference to the appointment of Silas C. Croft as surveyor of the port of New York. Mr. Croft is indorsed by the cutire delegation, including Senator Platt, and many of the prominent business men of New York city. Representative Low also urged the nomination of James Kennedy as consul to Leith, Scotland.

Another New York member who saw the President was Representative Fischer, of A. Sharkey appointed inspector of internal

Alan Arthur, son of the ex-President, who wants to go as minister to the Neth erlands, called upon the President. As is his custom, Mr. Arthur came alone and urged his appointment

un Olmstead, of Pennsylvania Congress introduced Prof. L. S. Glasgow, of Letanon, Pa., who is a prominent candidate

for the consulship at Glasgow, Scotland Senator Nelson, of Minnesota, urged the appointment of ex-Representative Keifer s commissioner of immigration to succeed John S. Wise, who wants to be ap-

opinted district attorney for the southern district of New York, was another caller It has been definitely decided that John A. Merritt, of Lockport, N. Y., will be appointed Third Assistant Postmister Ger eral Lester Stems, of Dunkirk, N. Y., who was slated for that position, informed the President yesterday that he could not accent the position. A curious coincidence in regard to this appointment is the fact that the position was declined by three New York men during the past fortnight. Joseph M. Dickey, of Newberg; Archie Buxter, of Elmira, and Lester Sterns re-

tusine it in turn. President McKinley has decided to post-pone his visit to the Tennessee Exposition until after the adjournment of Congress. visited him several days ago informing

#### THE OLD SOLDIER POLICY

A Discharged Veterans' List Being Prepared for Mr. Alger.

Causes of Their Removal From Office to Receive Attention.

Secretary Alger has directed the variou bureau chiefs of the War Department to make a complete list of all the old soldiers who have within the past twelve years been removed from their positions in that department, and to state the causes of removal. This work is being conducted very quietly, and there is no disposition on the part of the officials to discuss the meaning of the order. Gen. Alger, as is well known, takes keen interest in anything that concerns the Union veterans, and has been prominent himself in Grand

It is understood that the Secretary is having the record made with the intention of ultimately restoring to their places the ex-soldiers who were removed dur-ing the two Cleveland Administrations. At least, the belief is strong that Gen Alger will recommend to the President a material modification of the civil service regulations, so that the discharged division chiefs and cierks can be put back on the rolls, provided they were not guilty of acts making their removal necessary.

It is also whispered that similar action will be taken in other departments of the Government, and after the information is put in complete form, the President will decide whether or not discharged Repub

licans are to be reinstated. The claim is made by many people that no matter how strongly the Republican party is committed to the so-called merit system, President McKinley should medify the regulations so that justice may be done men and women deprived of their situations through alleged violation of the

HOUSE ELECTION CONTESTS.

A Colorado Member's Plan to Simplify Them.

John C. Shafroth, silver Republican, from Colorado, has been thinking about the election contests in the House, and has evolved a theory of his own about their proper solution.

He has introduced a bill embodying his views. It provides that in all election con tests no precincts carried by any candi-date shall be counted for that person is proof is furnished that he refused to per date to watch the voting and count. Shafroth's idea is to establish an absolute rule that will prevail in all cases, and greatly simplify contests before

# MUST COME TOGETHER DR. WALKER. REGISTERED MAIL MATTER

Limited Indemnity Favored for Letters That Go Astray.

COMPLAINTS OF LAST YEAR

Of Actual Losses Involved Many Are Chargeable to Unavoidable A :cidents-Few Dericdations by Postal Officials-Countries That Indemnify Losers.

Postmaster General Garyleans favorably oward a proposition which has frequently been recommended by his predecessor, that a limited indemnity be allowed for registered matter lost in the mails. He will doubtless ask that authority be granted the department by law to indemnify the owners of lost registered matter to an

extent not exceeding \$10 in any one ca The records of the office of the chief postoffice inspector show that during the last year the number of complaints relative to registered matter originating in this country and addressed to domestic offices was 5,817. Of the total number of complaints, 4,501 were fully investigated and investigations into the remain ing 1,316 cases are proceeding. cases investigated only 1,850 were found to involve actual losses, and of this number 1,155 were chargeable to the burning and wrecking of postoffices and postal cars steamboats, and other unavoidable acci-

to depredations committed by postal officials; 231 were due to depredations committed by outside persons, and in 152 cases of loss the responsibility could not be fixed. The recoveries made through the office of the chief inspector, through the dead letter office and through outside parties was 998, leaving the number of cases in which recovery was found to be impossible but 852. According to the records of the office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General the losses amounted to but one piece of registered mail in every 13,721.

Of the irrecoverable losses, 232 involved official matter, such as postage gamps and stamped paper dispatched to post-masters, leaving 620 private losses. As compared with other years the losses were heavy, due mainly to the greater number of railroad and steamboat accidents.

During the first session of the last Congress a bill was introduced in the House of Representatives favoring in demnity for losses of first-class registered mail matter to the extent of actual values, in no case, however, to exceed \$10 for one registered piece. This bill was favorably reported by the House Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads, but no further ction was taken

Twenty-seven of the principal countries of the postal union pay a limited indemnity for registered letters lost in their do-mestic mall service. These countries are: Austria Hungary, Belgium, Bulgaria, Colombia, Costa Rica, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Egypt, Spain, France, Germany, Great Britain, Greece, Haiti, Italy, Luxenburg, Norway, Netherlands, Persia, Portu-Switzerland, and Turkey. The lowest in-demnity guaranteed is that by Persia, which is 25 krans, or \$2.25. The highest is that £5 to £50, or from \$24,33 to \$243.30. In the United Kingdom an extra registra-tion fee is required for an indemnity above £5. The average indemnity allowed by the other countries is about \$9.

The countries which make no guarantee are. United States, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Congo, British India, Japan, Paraguay, and Uraguay.

The fadure of this country to pass an demaity law has deprived us here of in ternational indemnity for registered letters as provided for in the Postal Union con

A small indemnity should be a strong in ducement to senders to use the registry system for the transmission of money where almost certainty of detection deters. weak and wicked from of the speedy dispatch and delivery of man matter it is expected by the postal officials that money will continue to be sent through the mails. They urge that if money let-ters are sent in the ordinary mails they are a constant source of temptation, and a ies and expenses of postoffice inspectors upon such letters in the ordinary mail.

If the sworn value of each piece of private registered matter lost last year was the proposed maximum indemnity of \$10, the department would have had to pay for these losses only \$5,820.

TRUSTS NOT TO PROFIT.

Senator Pettigrew's Amendment to the Tariff Bill.

Senator Pettigrew yesterday gave notice of an amendment to the tariff bill, designed to prevent the raising of prices on all articles upon which duties are imit is proposed to admit free of the same kind of articles of domestic production are under the influence of trast, or the price affected by a trust or combination, to increase the cost of said articles to purchasers, by preventing comthat a domestic article competing with a foreign product is controlled in any way by a trust, then the duty upon the foreign article shall be relieved and the same in

It is provided that every contract or combination in the form of a trust or as sociation or corporation whose effect is production or increase the price of any trade shall be deemed a trust. Any citizen of the United States may file a petition in any United States district court, set ting forth the allegations as to the existence of a trust, and the president of chief officer or members of the partner ship shall be required to answer the same Such cases are to be advanced on the docket and have precedence over all civil causes. If the decision of the court shall be that the allegations of the petition are true that a trust is affecting the domestic article, the customs officers shall be directed to permit the free importation of the competing article; provided, that where a duty is levied upon raw material or any article that is improved by any process after being imported, the duty or the raw material or unrefined or unim

proved article, shall be collected. on earth. To them have been issued nearly 600,000 patents, or more than one-third of all the patents issued in the world. No discovery of modern years has been of greater benefit to mankind than Chamberlain's Coilc, Cholera and Diarrhoca Rem edy or has done more to relieve pain and suffering. J. W. Vaughn, of Oakton, Ky. "I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in my family for several years, and find it to be the best medicine I ever used for cramps in the stomach and bowels." For sale by Henry Evans, wholesale and retail drug gist, 938 F street and Connecticut avenue and S street northwest.

In Our New building,

# Ours is the Only Absolutely New Stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing in Washington!

The cream of the CREAM-the newest of the new-every garment shaped in the approved styles of spring-1897. Brisk selling began in all departments of our new store vesterday morning. We promised a pleasant price-surprise for all who cam :- and we kept our word. Souvenir prices will hold good today and tomorrow-don't let them PASS. We have opened two new departments-Children's clothing and Bicycle clothing. Lots of new things here waiting for you-come early-and bring

## M. DYRENFORTH & CO.,

20th Century Clothiers and Tailors, 923 Penna. Ave. N. W.

### The World of Business.

Wall Street Yesterday.

New York, April 15. - Although tomorrow is not a legal holiday the Stock Exchange and other commercial bodies will, following the precedent they have established remain closed. The banks, trust companies and other financial institutions will tranact business as usual. Concerns that are en gaged in international banking business will also keep their doors open, but the volume of transactions will unquestionably be small because the Easter holidays are more extensively and strictly observed abroad than in this country. The London Stock Exchange, for example, will not repen until Tuesday morning. The opport tunity to deal in stocks here between the close of business tonight and next Monday norning is limited to two hours on Satur

For these reasons, professional operators oth here and abroad, were reluctant to arry stocks over the next three or four days a circumstance that was taken advantage of by those who favor lower prices. They did not succeed, however, in establishing materially lower level of values. The market was lifeless the greater part of the day, but in the late dealings a selling move-ment set in which was estensibly based upon foreign advices of a more belligerent outlook in the Levant. The most conspict ous selling was by houses having close con nections with Germany. The only note worthy net decline recorded was that of 1 1 4 per cent in Louisville and Nashville shout the remainder of the list the net losses were fractional, averaging barely half a point. Chicago Gas, which was mor extensively dealt in than any other stock, was exceptionally steady throughout and closed fractionally higher on the introduction in the Illinois legislature of the measur permitting the Chicago Gas Companies to

consolidate. The only news of importance was con tained in the trade statement, which show an excess of exports of merchandise for March over imports of pearly \$11,000,00 and for the nine months ending March 31 an excess of exports of over \$323,000,000, as compared with the corresponding period of the previous fiscal year of the Govern-

New York Stock Market,

Corrected daily by W. B. Hibbs & Co. Bankers and Brokers. Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange, 1421 F street. Op, High, Low, Clo

N Y. Stock Exchange, 1421 F street.

Ob. High. Low. Clos.

American Spirits. Dd.

Am. Sigar Refinery. 1124 1124 1134 1134

Am. Sigar Refinery. 1124 1124 1135 1134

Am. Sigar Refinery. 1124 1124 1135 1134

Am. Sigar Refinery. 1124 1124 1135 1135

American Sugar, pfd. 16: 163 163 163 163

American Cotton Oil

Archison, Top. & S. F. 114 164 104 104

Atch. Top. and S. F. pfd. 195: 195: 184 185

Baltimore & Ohio. 15 1 18 18 18 18

Bay State Gas. 95 98 8 8

Canada Southern.

Chada Pacific

Chesapeake & Ohio. 17 17 17 17

Chica, C. C. & St. L. 118 118 118 118

Chicago & Northw'n. 1044 1015, 1634; 1635;

C. M. and St. P. 125 13 1296 1296

C. M. Land P. 824 134 62 625;

Concollidated Gas.

Del. Lac. & West.

Del. & Hudson. 109 1015; 163 163 163 163;

Erie. ... | Louisville & Nashville | 45 m | 45 m | 44 m | 44 m | 45 

London financial circles are disturbed by the fact that the London money market is at the mercy of the Japanese govern ment. Immense sums of Chinese indemnity money have been paid to Japan from time enormous balance has been allowed to remain at the bank for many months, and this has proved a frequent source of difficulty both to the bank and the financial situa tion. There is nothing to prevent Japan from depleting the supply of gold at any noment. This supply ordinarily amounts to £35,000,000, which is £10,000,000 less than it was a year ago. The Japanese authorities this week withdrew nearly £2, o000,000, thereby reducing the bank's supply of gold 6 per cent. The return issued by the bank today shows gold on hand to the amount of £33,000,000. The rate of the amount of £33,000,000. The rate of the same for the first property in the same for the bank, which was reduced the same for the same f to £85,000,000, which is £10,000,000 less than it was a year ago. The Japanese authorities this week withdrew nearly £2,ply of gold 6 per cent. The return issued by the bank today shows gold on hand to the amount of £33,000,000. The rate of

\*Ex-Div.

to 2 1-2 per cent on Arril 8 was not the directors are seriously considering how to meet or avoid the emborrassment which may be occasioned by a sudden withdrawal of the remainder of the Japanese balance in coin or bullion. Another installment of £2,250,000 indemnity money is due to Japan for China next month.

The New York stock market showed something of a holiday spirit yesterday, with an indisposition to do anything that was very marked, and with a heavy and most unpromising tone. Curiously enough little forther attention has been given to the New York Central funding plan or to reports that the Burlington management is also considering the feasibility of the refunding of its 7 per cent bonds atabawer rate and thus decreasing the possibility of deficit after dividends. The success of the New York Central project ought to have acted favorably on the market if anything would. It was the best news that railroad properties have had for the street in a long time. Prices went off all along the list yesterday.

Gas continued to be the interesting feature of the market yesterday. Deal ings were large, though not nearly up to the lumense record of 66,000 shares the The consolidation till has been introduced into the Illinois legis lature, and Chicago Gas, after some early weakness, was fairly strong on good sup-port. The fake bill introduced by the committee of municipalities of the Illinois senate, reducing the price of gas in Chicago from \$1 to 60 cents, seemed to have no particular effect. Neitner did the reported opposition of the Civic Federation of Chicago to the consolidation of gas in terests, though the Civic Federation is said

The Union Pacific system increase of earnings for February of \$102.956

The picturesque rumor that Barney Earnato has gone up higher than a kite con-tinued to exhibit itself to admiring observers of the street yesterday. It takes a poet to be a stock broker. His thoughts are of airy nothings, of lights that never were on land or sea. of imaginings, beautiful, but as immaterial as mocubeams. No mere hard-working matter-of-fact clod can make a successful operator in Wall of ordinary experience and wisdom has tifal dreams, more cobweb fancy more thoughts of another sphere, in Wall street in one short session of five hours than all the rest of the world, including Ella Wheel er Wilcox and Yone Noguchi, can think up in hard study through 365 leng days. It is a curious misapprehension that the

world has about your Wall street broker Washington firms are said to be selling short on Sugar on a large scale. Moore . Schley were selling Sugar a good part yesterday, and the day before there wer mense sales by this firm and other the Sugar trade the talk is gloomy, because of the reduced rates due to the falling off in demand. The trade still cherishes its gloomy view of the Dingley bill, and pre a law. There is no question of the capacit. under this law. It is still thought by shrewd traders that the company wants its stock down at present, and would not object to par while the fight is on.

The exchange closes today on account of Good Friday.

Dow, Jones & Co. say of Jersey Central The Gibson investigation of Lehigh & Wilkesbarre seems to have perished before it reached the Pennsylvania senate, and friends of Jersey Central think that at-tempts to enjoin the dividend will never be heard of except in rumors.

Washington Stock Market, Sales-National Safe Deposit & Trust, 1 at 115; Metropolitan Railroad, 1 at 112; National Union Insurance, 5 at 16 1-2; National Union Insurance, 41 at 4 5-8; Chesapeake & Potomac Telegraph, 5-1 at 62; Pneumatic Gun Carriage, 200 at 65c. 100 at 63c; Merzenthaler Linotype, 14 at 118; 10 at 117 5-8; 15 at 117 1-2; 10 at 117 1-4; 50 at 117; 20 at 117 1-8; 16 at 116 3-4. GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 4's. R 190' Q. J. Bid.
U. S. 4's. C. 1907 Q. J. 1112
U. S. 4's. 19 5 124
U. S. 7's. 1904 Q. F. 1133
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA BONDS.
Ss 1999 "20-year Funding" gold 1.2
7s 1901, "Water Stock" currency 113
7s 1904, "Water Stock" currency 114
"Funding" currency 3.65's 109
MISCELLANEOUS BONDS.

Met. R R 5s. 1925 114

Wash Market Co 1st % a 1902-1911.
\$7,9 0 retired annually 108
Wash Market Co 199 0 a 12-27 1-8
Wash Market Co ext n 6 a 11-27 18
Masonic Hail Association % 1990 13
Wash Lt Inf 1st 6 a 1991 9 93

NATIONAL BANK STOCKS. Bank of Washington.... Bank of Republic ..... AFE DEPOSIT AND TRUST COMPANIES, 
 Nat. Sate Deposit and Trust
 114

 Wash. Loan and Trust
 120

 Amer. Security and Trust
 120

 Wash, Sare Deposit
 52
 RAILROAD STOCKS.

INSURANCE STOCKS.

TITLE INSURANCE STOCKS. teni Estate Title ..... 97 106 olumbia l'itle ..... 27 55 TELEPHONE STOCKS.

Chestoease and rotmas American Graphophone, American Graphophone, pfd... Pneumatic Gun Carriage... 934 MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS, Mergerthaler Linotype (new) ..... 116% 117 Mergerthater Lindsype (new), 1105, 117
Lanston Mon typs 64 75
Washington Market 1159
Great Falls Ice 16 L2
Ner, and wash Steamboat 116
Lincon Hail 99

Chicago, April 15.-All the considera tions in wheat this morning were decidedly bullish and the market sold up promptly The buying was general, with larger commission house trading, than during ay recent session. The crop scare element State report, and the Price Current's tardy and winter wheat. A London cable stated May wheat opened from 68 5.8 to 68 7.8, as against the close hist night, at 68 1-4c. There was an early fally from

ning figures of a full cent. Northwestern receipts were 271 cars. against 204 a week ago, and 295 a year ago; local receipts only 10 cars, with 7 expected for tomorrow. Withdrawais from store were 36,000 bushels. There have been no important cash transactions so

Chicago Grain and Provision Market. Corrected daily by W. B. Hibbs & Co Bankers and Brokers. Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange, 1421 F street.

	Open.	High,	Low.	Clos.
WHEAT			-	
MayJuly	081£ 081£	60% 60%	(854 (85a	69% 6: 4-
May July	21% 10%	2174 2074	33%-34 55	20 % 15.4
MayJuly	16年	1034 11-76	18 4-% 17%-	165(=) 177m
May	8 35 1,42	8,35	5.30 5.43	5.40
May July SPARE RIBS	1,17 1,25	1,20 4.30	4.25	4,29
May	4.62	4,70	4,62	4,70

Open. High Low. 7.12 7.72 7.00 7.15 7.16 7.3 7.20 7.25 7.18 7.21 7.1 7.15

Benjamin Newcomb's Wife Tired of Waiting and Married Again. Bayside, L. I., April 15.-Benjamin Newcomb, who disappeared mysteriously twelve years ago, returned home today. He has long been given up as dead. His wife, he found, had accepted this belief, and

married again. He left the village on a cold winter's night in 1885. Before leaving he informed his wife and daughter that he was going to make a business call and would return the same evening. This was the last seen of bito until today. His chart ing wife lived with her daughter, hoping

against hope for her husband's return. They carned a living by taking boarders Finally Mrs. Newcomb became convinced hat her husband was dead, and she married a Mr. McCarthy of Brooklyn, and is now living with him in New York comb's story, told roday, is that when he left home be started South, where he se-cured a lucrative position. Later be noved to Benver and accepted a position with a firm of lawyers. He has many show as proof of his life since leaving

He declines to state whether he wi take steps to recover his wife.

CALLS IT UNCONSTITUTIONAL. Ashley W. Cole Criticises the Anti-

Trust Law Decision. New York, April 15 .- Asbley W. Cole, State railroad commissioner, who was at the Murray Hill Hotel today, gave his opinion freely about the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, deciaring the anti-trust law constitutional and destroying all traffic agreements. The preponderance of judicial opinion, he said, s against the decision.

FOUR FATALLY INJURED. Workmen Burned by an Explosion of Molten Metal.

Pittsburg, April 15.-An explosion of hot metal occurred this morning in the Republican Iron Works, South Side, fatally injuring four men, and seriously injuring another. The explosion was caused by th liquid metal running into a puddle of

The names of those injured are: Dennis Mahoney, recovery doubtful; James Reilly recovery doubtful: Marti Kinski, Stanley Persivar, and John Morton. Ex-Alderman Shoots Himself.

Mobile, Ala., April 15 .- J. L. Leonare Mueller, who until last Monday was an alderman of this city, but whose resigne tion was accepted that day, shot himself in the head today and will probably die.

> RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, and Dyspepsia Cured With Polynice Oil

BY INOCULATION. Polynice Oil is the discovery of Dr. Mabille, a celebrated French physician, of Paris. His representative in this county has treated patients with great success in the hospitals of New York, Brooklyn, Montreal (Canada), Philadelphia, Baltimere, etc.

etc.
Dr. Rogers, of Johns Hopkins University,
of Baltamore, Says. "The experiments
made here at the hospital with Polymice
Oil witnessed by me having been very successed, I hereby hearthly recommend it in
all cases of rheumatism.
Temporarily at 1716 F st. nw., from 10
to 12 and from 2 to 5; on Sunnay, from
11 to 2.

During the recent scares and depressions in the stock market Government and Municipal Bonds have gone up about 5 per cent. Stocks have gone down about 10 per cent meantime. We have advocated the pur-

FINANCIAL.

chase of Government and highclass Municipal Bonds right along, and strongly believe in continued advances. With money on call easily obtainable by us-at the low rate of 1% per cent per annum-

and time money freely offered at 2% per cent per annum-we are enabled to buy these bonds and carry them on advantageous terms. Under our plan investors of moderate means are given as

good opportunities as capitalists. Read what some of the leadpapers say about our president and his transac-

tions: "Abraham White, with remarkable fortsight and penetrative powers, arrayed awards of one million fire hundred thousand Goverament Bands at an average of 111 5-8 when the public call for bids sens made and the

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